

*AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS*

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) An optical wavelength converter for converting input phase-modulated light ~~having at~~ a first wavelength to output phase-modulated light ~~having at~~ a second wavelength, the wavelength converter comprising:

an input-light splitter ~~for~~ splitting the input phase-modulated light at the first wavelength into first split light at the first wavelength and second split light at the first wavelength;

a multiplex-interference portion ~~for~~ multiplex-interfering the first split light and ~~of~~ the second split light to generate intensity-modulated light having the first wavelength, the multiplex-interference portion including

an injection synchronization laser diode generating continuous wave light at the first wavelength, and

a multiplex optical coupler multiplexing the continuous wave light at the first wavelength and generated by the injection synchronization laser diode and the second split light at the first wavelength to produce the intensity-modulated light;

a laser diode generating continuous wave light at the second wavelength; and

a phase modulation portion ~~for, upon receipt of~~ receiving the intensity-modulated light and ~~of the~~ continuous wave light ~~having a wavelength equal to~~ at the second wavelength from the laser diode, ~~cross-phase-modulation of~~ modulating the continuous wave light at the second wavelength in accordance with response to phase modulation of the input phase-modulated light.

Claim 2 (Cancelled).

3. (Currently Amended) The optical wavelength converter according to claim ~~±~~ 8, wherein the multiplex-interference portion includes a delay portion for delaying

one of the first split light and the second split light by one-bit delay time relative to the other of the first split light and the second split light in the multiplex interfering.

4. (Currently Amended) The optical wavelength converter according to claim ~~2~~ 1, wherein the phase modulation portion comprises a semiconductor optical amplifier ~~producing the cross-phase-modulation~~ modulating the continuous wave light at the second wavelength.

5. (Currently Amended) The optical wavelength converter according to claim ~~3~~ 8, wherein the first phase-modulation portion comprises a modulator ~~comprises a semiconductor optical amplifier producing the cross-phase-modulation~~ modulating the continuous wave light at the second wavelength.

6. (Currently Amended) The optical wavelength converter according to claim ~~2~~ 1, wherein the phase modulation portion comprises an electro-absorption optical modulator ~~producing the cross-phase-modulation~~ modulating the continuous wave light at the second wavelength.

7. (Currently Amended) The optical wavelength converter according to claim ~~3~~ 8, wherein the first phase-modulation portion modulator ~~comprises an electro-absorption optical modulator producing the cross-phase-modulation~~ modulating the continuous wave light at the second wavelength.

8. (Currently Amended) ~~The An~~ An optical wavelength converter according to claim 2, wherein converting input phase-modulated light at a first wavelength to output phase-modulated light at a second wavelength, the wavelength converter comprising:

an input-light splitter splitting the input phase-modulated light at the first wavelength into first split light at the first wavelength and second split light at the first wavelength;

a multiplex-interference portion multiplex-interfering the first split light and the second split light to generate intensity-modulated light at the first wavelength;  
a laser diode generating continuous wave light at the second wavelength; and  
a phase modulation portion receiving the intensity-modulated light and the continuous wave light at the second wavelength, cross-phase modulating the continuous wave light at the second wavelength in response to phase modulation of the input phase-modulated light, the phase modulation portion comprising a plurality of phase modulators connected in series, said the plurality of phase modulators including:

a first phase modulator that ~~performs the cross-phase modulation between~~ modulates the intensity-modulated light ~~having at~~ at the first wavelength generated by the multiplex-interference portion and the continuous wave light ~~having at~~ at the second wavelength, and

a second phase modulator that ~~performs cross-phase modulation between~~ modulates subsequent-stage intensity-modulated light and subsequent-stage phase-modulated light ~~having at~~ at the second wavelength and generated by the first phase modulator.

Claims 9 and 10 (Cancelled).

11. (Currently Amended) The optical wavelength converter according to claim ~~10~~ 15, further comprising an optical bistable device ~~which generates for generating the intensity-modulated light having at~~ for generating the intensity-modulated light having at the first wavelength with an optical-power intensity varied in response to ~~the an~~ an optical pulse generated by the multiplex-interference portion, ~~wherein the intensity-modulated light generated by the optical bistable device and the continuous wave light having the second wavelength are input to the phase modulation portion to output the phase-modulated light having the second wavelength.~~

12. (New) The optical wavelength converter according to claim 1, wherein the multiplex-interference interference portion includes an optical circulator receiving the

first split light and the continuous wave light at the first wavelength from the injection synchronization laser diode, supplying a portion of the first split light to the injection synchronization laser diode, and supplying output light to the multiplex optical coupler.

13. (New) The optical wavelength converter according to claim 1, wherein the phase modulation portion includes an optical circulator receiving the intensity-modulated light from the multiplex optical coupler, receiving light at the second wavelength from the laser diode, and outputting the phase-modulated light at the second wavelength.

14. (New) the optical wavelength converter according to claim 8 wherein each of the first and second phase modulators includes a three-port optical coupler.

15. (New) An optical wavelength converter for converting input phase-modulated light at a first wavelength to output phase-modulated light at a second wavelength, the wavelength converter comprising:

an input-light splitter splitting the input phase-modulated light at the first wavelength into first split light at the first wavelength and second split light at the first wavelength;

a multiplex-interference portion multiplex-interfering the first split light and the second split light to generate intensity-modulated light at the first wavelength, the multiplex-interference portion including a delay portion for delaying one of the first split light and the second split light by a one-bit delay time relative to the other of the first split light and the second split light in the multiplex interfering portion;

a laser diode generating continuous wave light at the second wavelength; and

a phase-modulation portion including a semiconductor optical amplifier receiving the intensity-modulated light and the continuous wave light at the second wavelength and cross-phase modulating the continuous wave light at the second wavelength in response to phase-modulation of the input phase-modulated light.

16. (New) The optical wavelength converter according to claim 15, wherein the phase modulation portion includes an optical circulator receiving the intensity-modulated light, receiving light at the second wavelength from the second diode, supplying the intensity-modulated light to the semiconductor optical amplifier, and outputting the phase-modulated light at the second wavelength.